

Media Status Update: State of Indiana Response to Flooding

Aug. 24, 2026 at 1800

New information is in bold italics

DEVELOPING SITUATION

A confirmed derecho impacted the state and resulted in widespread damaging winds, at least two (2) tornadoes, large hail and flash flooding. Persistent rainfall remained in the area due to high moisture and extreme instability that began on Aug. 11, 2026. The State Emergency Operations Center increased staffing levels on Aug. 12 for coordination and resource support, increasing to a Level III (Emergency Conditions).

Governor Mike Braun issued a statewide disaster declaration for the severe weather and flooding on Aug. 13, 2026.

County Emergency Declarations: The following ***twenty-four (24) counties*** have issued county emergency declarations: Carroll, Cass, Dearborn, Delaware, Fayette, Fountain, Franklin, Hamilton, Henry, Lake, LaPorte, Madison, Marion, Marshall, Morgan, Porter, Pulaski, Putnam, ***Randolph***, Starke, Tipton, ***Union***, Warren and Wayne counties.

If a county has issued an emergency declaration, this means the county board of commissioners has determined that conditions may cause emergency services to be impacted or delayed. A county emergency declaration initiates county emergency plans and allows additional resources to be provided by the state to assist local response efforts.

STATE RESPONSE

In addition to the Indiana Department of Homeland Security, other agencies supporting the state-level incident response included the Indiana Family and Social Services Administration (211), Indiana Department of Transportation, Indiana Department of Administration, Indiana Department of Health, Indiana Department of Environmental Management, Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission, Indiana State Police, Indiana Department of Natural Resources, Indiana Department of Correction, Indiana National Guard, the American Red Cross, the National Weather Service and Federal Emergency Management Agency Integration Team members.

[The State Disaster Relief Fund – Individual Assistance is now available.](#) Impacted Hoosiers may qualify for emergency aid grants of up to \$5,000. This fund is designed to help families secure essential items like clothing and uninsured medical devices while they are displaced from their homes. ***Applications are currently under review. Preliminary eligibility determinations will begin within the week. Eligible applicants will be contacted to provide proof of identity and address, as well as other basic information necessary to issue payment.***

Since taking office, Gov. Braun has opened the state disaster relief fund for individual assistance five (5) times:

- Several severe weather events in March/April of 2025, including a mine collapse in southern Indiana. The maximum amount available was capped at \$2,000 for individual assistance.
- Severe weather and flooding in Monroe, Greene and Daviess counties in May and June of 2025. The maximum amount available was capped at \$2,000 for individual assistance.
- Severe weather in March of 2026 in northern Indiana. The maximum amount was not capped.
- Severe weather in June of 2026 for 63 counties across Indiana. The maximum amount is not capped.
- And most recently, for severe weather and flooding in August of 2026 statewide. The maximum amount is capped at \$5,000.

To find the balance of the state disaster relief fund, [click here](#) and search "state disaster relief fund".

On the evening of Aug. 20, 2026, Gov. Braun requested an expedited major disaster declaration. A copy of the request can be found on [IDHS' August Disaster Resource Hub](#). The declaration request is pending approval.

FSSA: FSSA received approval to extend the deadline to request Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program replacement benefits for all 53 counties impacted by the Governor's disaster emergency for the disaster event on Aug. 11. The deadline for all these counties is now Aug. 31, 2026. Households that receive SNAP benefits who lost food due to storm damage or power outages may be eligible for replacement benefits. Affected individuals will need to submit an affidavit, available at on.in.gov/SNAP-Affidavit, for replacement benefits. The affidavit must be submitted by the above deadline and the loss (due to power outage, flood, etc.) must be verified.

FSSA (Indiana 211): Indiana 211 published the [Indiana Disaster Dashboard](#), which breaks down damage reports collected by Indiana 211 by county and request types. This dashboard helps support recovery efforts and paints a bigger picture of the impact the Aug. 11 events had on Hoosiers.

IDOC, DNR and INNG: Crews from the Indiana Department of Correction, along with the Indiana Department of Natural Resources have completed debris removal efforts in northwest Indiana. This mission has been in an effort to assist NIPSCO with power restoration efforts, clearing the way to allow NIPSCO crews to make repairs. With assistance from the Indiana National Guard, nearly (four-hundred and fifty) 450 sites along roadways in Lake, LaPorte and Porter counties have been cleared.

IHCDA: IHCDA's disaster assistance offers two (2) options to support households displaced by recent flooding and storms in Indiana. Displaced means that a home is not currently safe or habitable. An eligible household must select only (1) one of the two (2) options - vouchers for temporary hotel stay or rental assistance. Households do not receive direct cash benefits from IHCDA. All payments are made directly to hotels or landlords, and total costs vary based on the hotel or apartment chosen, unit size and local market conditions. The first step in the process is

to call 211 to report damage. 211 will make referrals to IHCD for clients who may qualify for IHCD's assistance programs.

IDOI: On Aug. 17, Indiana Department of Insurance Commissioner Holly Lambert issued a bulletin due to the recent severe weather calling for a 60-day moratorium for cancellation of any insurance policy in effect for any policyholder directly affected by the disaster events residing within the state of Indiana, and a suspension of any penalty attached to the late payment therein. This moratorium took effect on Aug. 17, but the Indiana Department of Insurance expects insurers to apply this moratorium retroactively to the day before the disaster occurred in Indiana. Read the full moratorium [here](#).

Mission requests:

Missions are requests submitted by county emergency management agencies and local officials to the state when community needs exceed local capabilities and require additional state support.

The state has completed *sixty-four (64)* mission requests to date, with *five (5)* missions currently deployed and being utilized.

Examples of completed missions include:

- *Northwest Health in LaPorte County requested support for personal oxygen tanks refills. Due to widespread power outages, residents experienced a shortage of home oxygen supplies, and the hospitals were running short on staff and supplies to assist them. In response, an oxygen trailer from Michigan was deployed to local Fire Department.*

Examples of deployed missions include:

- *Franklin County EOC requested a Planning Section Chief to complete the daily Incident Action Plan for complete and proper planning and documentation for donations management, volunteer management, debris management, short-term and long-term housing planning and other related life sustaining support. This is for a seven-day (7) deployment, beginning on Aug. 22.*

FEDERAL RESPONSE

On Aug. 15, 2026, President Trump approved an Emergency Declaration for the state of Indiana to enable FEMA to directly support the ongoing response to flooding for 53 counties: Allen, Bartholomew, Boone, Carroll, Cass, Clinton, Dearborn, Decatur, Delaware, Fayette, Fountain, Franklin, Fulton, Grant, Hamilton, Hancock, Harrison, Hendricks, Henry, Jasper, Jay, Jefferson, Jennings, Knox, Kosciusko, Lake, LaPorte, Madison, Marion, Marshall, Miami, Morgan, Newton, Orange, Owen, Parke, Perry, Pike, Porter, Pulaski, Randolph, Ripley, Rush, Shelby, St. Joseph, Starke, Tipton, Union, Wabash, Warren, Washington, Wayne and White counties. With the current declaration, FEMA can provide direct federal assistance, including specialized teams, equipment, supplies, and technical support, as needed, to help Indiana protect lives, restore essential services, clear roads for emergency access and keep communities safe. FEMA has also coordinated support from other federal agencies, including the U.S. Army Corps of

Engineers, the Environmental Protection Agency, Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency, National Weather Service, Federal Aviation Administration, Federal Bureau of Investigations, Transportation Security Administration and other federal partners, to assist with response and recovery efforts.

Federal assistance is not available to homeowners and renters at this time.

The Emergency Declaration authorizes FEMA to provide emergency protective measures (limited to Direct Federal Assistance only) that the state and local governments are unable to perform to save lives and protect public health and safety. This federal support includes activities such as emergency route clearance; search and rescue; emergency temporary power restoration; and emergency communication support for first responders.

An emergency declaration does not prevent the governor from subsequently requesting a major disaster declaration for other unmet needs caused by the event, informed by an assessment of the disaster impacts and whether those impacts exceed state and local recovery capabilities, but local and state per capita indicators (thresholds) must be met.

Indiana Department of Homeland Security and FEMA personnel began conducting aerial joint preliminary damage assessments throughout the state on Aug. 18, 2026. Joint preliminary damage assessments were completed as of Aug. 21, 2026. Joint preliminary damage assessments are the first step to collect the information needed to request a major disaster declaration.

POWER OUTAGES

Statewide power outage update: 9,961 as of 1700 on Aug. 24, 2026. The majority of the power outages are in Lake and Porter counties.

SHELTERS

As of 1800, ten (10) shelters are currently open throughout the state, six (6) by the American Red Cross, and four (4) partner/independent shelters, with a total population of 225.

More information can be found here: <https://www.redcross.org/get-help/disaster-relief-and-recovery-services/find-an-open-shelter.html>

FATALITIES

Seven (7) people have died in storm-related incidents since the storm system began on Aug. 11 in the following counties: Delaware (2), Henry, Lake, LaPorte, Jennings and Porter.

Specific details on timelines and circumstances are still being confirmed.

IDHS is aware of an additional fatality in Monroe County. As of Aug. 21, 2026, it has been confirmed that this incident was not directly related to the storms that impacted Indiana

beginning on Aug. 11. The official number of total number fatalities directly related to this disaster now seven (7) deaths.

ASSISTANCE REQUESTS AND DAMAGE REPORTING

The August Disaster Resource Hub is now available. The hub serves as a comprehensive resource center for individuals seeking state and federal assistance and updates related to the severe weather events that began on Aug. 11. Learn more: on.in.gov/August2026Disaster.

[Indiana's State Disaster Relief Fund](#) will provide up to \$5,000 in emergency aid grants to Hoosiers in need of assistance. This fund will enable families to get the basics like clothing and uninsured medical devices while they are displaced from their homes.

Indiana 211 is accepting damage reports for Cass, Dearborn, Delaware, Fayette, Franklin, Hamilton, Henry, Lake, LaPorte, Madison, Marion, Marshall, Miami, Morgan, Newton, **Parke**, Pike, Porter, Pulaski, **Putnam**, Randolph, Rush, Tipton, **Warren** and Wayne counties for severe weather impacting these communities beginning Aug. 11. To help establish a comprehensive assessment of damage, residents can call 866-211-9966 or visit the Indiana 211 website (on.in.gov/IN-211).

SAFE TRAVEL

- Hoosiers can find more information on INDOT routes that are currently closed due to flooding by using the INDOT TrafficWise tool online at <https://511in.org/> or through the INDOT TrafficWise mobile app.
- Check with city, town and county highway departments for the most up-to-date information on local roads affected by flooding.
- The IDHS Travel Advisory Map at <https://www.in.gov/dhs/travel-advisory-map/> is available to view county travel status information.
- High water continues to require the closure of some roads. Do not ignore “high water” warning signs or drive around barricades closing roads for flooding. Individuals traveling at night, when it is more difficult to see flood dangers, should be especially cautious.

HEALTH AND SAFETY CONCERNS

- Flood water is not safe to swim or play in. Flood water contains various contaminants, chemicals and other dangerous pollutants that can make people and animals sick. Keep children, pets and livestock out of flood water as much as possible.
- Well water in flood-affected areas may be contaminated with pathogens and be unsafe to drink. Residents who use wells should contact their local health department to coordinate testing to ensure their water sources are safe to drink. Local health department contact information can be found on the IDOH website at <https://www.in.gov/health/lhd/local-health-department-map>.
- Mold is a significant issue after a flood and may not be immediately visible. Those with affected homes or businesses should remove items that have been wet for two or more days. A mixture of bleach and water (no more than one cup of bleach per gallon of water)

can be used on rigid surfaces such as countertops, floors, sinks and stoves and plastic toys.

- No one who sees or experiences a disaster is untouched by it. Loss from flooding is no exception. Disaster stress and grief are normal, but there is help available if someone in the family needs mental health assistance/counseling. Immediate, free emotional support is available 24/7 by calling or texting 988 to reach the Suicide and Crisis Lifeline, or by calling or texting the Disaster Distress Helpline at 1-800-985-5990.

FLOOD SAFETY AND CLEANUP

The Red Cross has provided steps for people to follow if their community is affected by flooding:

- Continue listening to local radio or television stations or a NOAA Weather Radio for updated information and instructions. If away from home, return only when authorities say it is safe to do so.
- Before entering the home, look outside for loose power lines, damaged gas lines, foundation cracks or other damage.
- If the smell of natural or propane gas is present or a hissing sound is audible, leave immediately and call the fire department.
- If power lines are down outside the home, do not step in puddles or standing water.
- Make sure all food and water are safe. Discard items that have come in contact with flood water.
- When in doubt, throw it out!
- During cleanup, wear protective clothing, including rubber gloves and rubber boots.

In the aftermath of flooding and other natural disasters, property owners are vulnerable -- making perfect targets for scammers pretending to offer help cleaning up wreckage and making necessary repairs. When working with someone offering services:

- Avoid agreeing to any repair or restoration work on the spot during initial contact with someone offering services – this includes contracts.
- Avoid signing any legally binding agreements without first gathering information and researching a business being represented.
- Obtain information about the individual offering his or her services.
- Research the company the individual claims to represent.
- Look for signs of credibility such as an official website.
- Seek reviews and testimonials from former customers.

For more information about actions before, during and after flooding, visit www.GetPrepared.in.gov.

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For Media Only: Indiana Department of Homeland Security Office of Public Affairs 317-234-6713, pio@dhs.in.gov